9/4/8,22/

for reducing cerebral infarct vol.

ANSWER 3 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

129:90287 CA

TITLE:

Sonic hedgehog protein: a novel approach to the

treatment of neurodegenerative disorders?

AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Pang, Kevin; Ingolia, Thomas D. Ontogeny Inc., Cambridge, MA, USA CNS Drugs (1998), 9(4), 253-259

SOURCE:

CODEN: CNDREF; ISSN: 1172-7047

PUBLISHER: Adis International Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

Sonic hedgehog is a member of a newly discovered family of mols. that are active during development in vertebrates. Sonic hedgehog induces development of key CNS neuronal cell types, including the dopaminergic neurons that are destroyed in Parkinson's disease. In addn. to developmental-inducing activity, Sonic hedgehog has neurotrophic and neuroprotective activities on many of these same cell types. These activities suggest interesting clin. potentials for Sonic hedgehog in neurodegenerative diseases such as Parkinson's disease and in acute CNS trauma such as stroke.

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FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 15:59:55 ON 18 NOV 2000

0 S PTC(10W)THERPEUTIC# L1

309 S PTC(10W)THER? L2

1 S L2 AND STROKE L3

3 S NEUROPROTEC? (10W) HEDGEHOG (10W) PROTEIN# T.4

=> s 12 not 13

308 L2 NOT L3 L5

=> s 15 and ptc

2309 PTC

308 L5 AND PTC

=> s 16 and patched binding peptide

536 PATCHED

612303 BINDING

236178 PEPTIDE

O PATCHED BINDING PEPTIDE

(PATCHED (W) BINDING (W) PEPTIDE)

L7 0 L6 AND PATCHED BINDING PEPTIDE

=> s 16 and neuron?

133007 NEURON?

rs2 L6 AND NEURON?

=> d 18 1-2 ibib ab

ANSWER 1 OF 2 L8 ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

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133:41366 CA

The normal patched allele is expressed in medulloblastomas from mice with heterozygous

germ-line

SOURCE:

mutation of patched

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Wetmore, Cynthia; Eberhart, Derek E.; Curran, Tom Departments of Developmental Neurobiology and Hematology/Oncology, St. Jude Children's Research.

Hospital, Memphis, TN, 38105, USA Cancer Res. (2000), 60(8), 2239-2246

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

American Association for Cancer Research

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

Defects in a developmental signaling pathway involving mammalian homologs of the Drosophila segment polarity gene, patched (ptc) and its ligand, sonic hedgehog (shh), contribute to tumor formation in several tissues. Recently, a subset of medulloblastoma, the most common malignant

brain tumor in children, was found to contain somatic mutations in the human ptc gene. In addn., basal cell nevus syndrome (BCNS), or Gorlin syndrome, which is characterized by developmental anomalies and a predisposition to skin and nervous system malignancies, is assocd. with germ-line mutation of ptc. Targeted disruption of both alleles of ptc in mice results in embryonic lethality. However, ptc+/- mice survive and develop spontaneous cerebellar brain tumors, suggesting that ptc may function as a tumor suppressor gene. Therefore, we investigated ptc+/- mice as a model for human medulloblastoma. We report that 14% of ptc+/- mice develop central nervous system tumors in the posterior fossa by 10 mo ofage, with peak tumor incidence occurring between 16 and 24 wk of age.

The

mRNA

tumors exhibited several characteristics of human medulloblastoma, including expression of intermediate filament proteins specific for neurons and glia. Full-length ptc mRNA was present in all tumors analyzed, indicating that there was no loss of heterozygosity at the ptc locus. Nucleotide sequence of ptc mRNA from four tumors failed to identify any mutations. However, a comparison of the normal ptc sequence from C57BL/6 and 129Sv mice did reveal several polymorphisms. High levels of gli1

and protein were detected in the tumors, suggesting that the shh/ ptc pathway was activated despite the persistence of ptc expression. These data indicate that haploinsufficiency of ptc is sufficient to promote oncogenesis in the central nervous system.

REFERENCE COUNT:

49

REFERENCE(S):

- (1) Aszterbaum, M; J Investig Dermatol 1998, V110, P885 CA
- (3) Capdevila, J; EMBO J 1994, V13, P71 CA
- (4) Chen, Y; Cell 1996, V87, P553 CA
- (7) Dahmane, N; Development (Camb) 1999, V126, P3089
- (8) Dahmane, N; Nature (Lond) 1997, V389, P876 CA ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER:

130:205165 CA

TITLE:

Regulation of muscle tissue formation and/or maintenance with hedgehog proteins and ptc therapeutics and treatment or prevention of

muscular disorders

INVENTOR(S):

Bladgen, Chris S.; Currie, Peter D.; Ingham, Philip

W.; Hughes, Simon M. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ontogeny, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 130 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ ____ -----WO 9910004 19990304 WO 1998-US17922 19980828 A2 19990527 **A3** W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 1998-91252 A1 19990316 A2 20000621 19980828 EP 1998-943462 19980828 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-57394 19970829 WO 1998-US17922 19980828 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 130:205165 The present application relates to a method for modulating the formation and/or maintenance of muscle tissue by ectopically contacting muscle cells, esp. muscle stem/progenitor cells, in vitro or in vivo, with a hedgehog therapeutic or ptc therapeutic in an amt. effective to alter the growth state of the treated cells. The hedgehog therapeutic comprises a hedgehog protein modified with one or more lipophilic moieties, e.g., sterols, fatty acids, or arom. hydrocarbons. The ptc therapeutics mimic hedgehog-mediated patched signal transduction by binding to patched or altering localization, protein-protein binding and/or enzymic activity of intracellular proteins involved in patched signal transduction. Such therapeutics included antisense oligonucleotides and protein kinase A inhibitors. Expts. in zebrafish suggested that SHH may initiate slow myoblast formation but continued exposure is not required to trigger terminal differentiation of slow muscle fibers.

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that

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PATENT NO.

WO -9910004

AU 9891252

EP 1009424

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FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 15:59:55 ON 18 NOV 2000 $_{
m L1}$ 0 S PTC(10W)THERPEUTIC# L2 309 S PTC(10W) THER? L3 1 S L2 AND STROKE L43 S NEUROPROTEC? (10W) HEDGEHOG (10W) PROTEIN# L5308 S L2 NOT L3 L6 308 S L5 AND PTC L7 0 S L6 AND PATCHED BINDING PEPTIDE Г8 2 S L6 AND NEURON?

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